Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

GREENVIEW

IL1290100

Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2022

by the water system to provide safe drinking water. This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made

The source of drinking water used by GREENVIEW is Ground Water

For more information regarding this report contact:

Phone) SE (KE SCOOL

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre el agua que usted bebe. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Source of Drinking Water

animals or from human activity. travels over the surface of the land or through the pick up substances resulting from the presence of and, ground, oonds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. oottled water) include rivers, in some cases, radioactive material, and can it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals drinking water (both tap water and lakes, streams, As water

include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock ontaminants that may be present in source water

operations, and wildlife.

netals, which can be naturally-occurring or result production, mining, or farming. lomestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas from urban storm water runoff, industrial or Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and

water runoff, and residential uses. variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a

by-products of industrial processes and petroleum urban storm water runoff, and septic systems. production, synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are Organic chemical contaminants, including and can also come from gas stations,

production and mining activities. naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas Radioactive contaminants, which can

> obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791. Drinking water, including bottled water, may contaminants and potential health effects can be water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants does not necessarily indicate that amounts of some contaminants. reasonably be expected to contain at least small The presence of

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the health. by public water systems. FDA regulations establish amount of certain contaminants in water provided must provide the same protection for public limits for contaminants in bottled water which

in drinking water than the general population. Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants

undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). microbial contaminants are available from the Safe the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen drinking water from their health care providers. infants can be particularly at risk from or other immune system disorders, some elderly and cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have infections. These people should seek advice about immuno-compromised persons such as persons with

drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about serious health problems, especially for pregnant associated with service lines and home plumbing. is primarily from materials and components If present, elevated levels of lead can cause for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water sitting for several hours, you can minimize the women and young children. Lead in drinking water nttp://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead water tested. Information on lead in drinking We cannot control the variety of materials used in vater, testing methods, and steps you can take to lead in your water, you may wish to have your otential for lead exposure by flushing your tap olumbing components. When your water has been rinking Water Hotline or at inimize exposure is available from the Safe for

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Source Water Name		Type of Water	Report Status Location	Location
WELL 3 (50325)	2MI N OF V MID ON PRAIRIE	GW		
WELL 4 (50326)	185FT N OF WELL3	GW		

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Source Water Assessment

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to learn more, please feel welcome to attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. The source water assessment for our supply has been completed by the Illinois EPA. If you would like a copy of this information, please stop by City Hall or call our water operator at A17 38/12324. To view a summary version of the completed Source Water Assessments, including: Importance of Source Water; Susceptibility to Contamination Determination; and documentation/recommendation of Source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA website at http://www.epa.state.il.us/cgi-bin/wp/swap-fact-sheets.pl.

Source of Water: GREENVIEWTo determine Greenview's susceptibility to groundwater contamination, the following document was reviewed: a Well Site Survey, published in 1989 by the Illinois EPA. Based on the information obtained in this document there are no potential sources of groundwater contamination that could pose a hazard to groundwater utilized by Greenview's community water supply wells. Based upon this information, the Illinois EPA has determined that the Greenview Community Water Supply's source water is susceptible to contamination. The land use within the recharge area of the wells was analyzed as part of this susceptibility determination. This land use includes agricultural properties.

Lead and Copper

Definitions:
Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of

safety. Action Level: The co	ncentration of	a contaminant	which, if excee	ded, triggers	treatment or o	ther require	ments which a u	safety. Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCTG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2022	1.3	1.3	0.103	0	uďď	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.

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Water Quality Test Results	
Definitions:	The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.
Avg:	Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.
Level 1 Assessment:	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
Level 2 Assessment:	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.
Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG:	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCIGs allow for a margin of safety.
Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL:	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG:	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDIGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
na:	not applicable.
mrem:	millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)
: ਖਰੰਧ	micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water.
ppm:	milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.

Treatment Technique or TT:

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulated Contaminants	ants							
Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine	12/31/2022	0.9	0.7 - 1.4	MRDLG = 4	MRDL = 4	mdd	И	Water additive used to control microbes.
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2022	5	5.4 - 5.4	No goal for the total	60	ਰੰਖਕੋ	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2022	21	20.9 - 20.9	No goal for the total	80	qđđ	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	DTOW	MCI	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Barium	07/15/2020	0.0502	0.0502 - 0.0502	2	2	mdd	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
Fluoride	07/15/2020	1.05	1.05 - 1.05	42	4.0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]	2022	0.28	0.28 - 0.28	10	10	ppm	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.
Sodium	07/15/2020	11.1	11.1 - 11.1			ppm	z	Erosion from naturally occuring deposits. Used in water softener regeneration.

Violations Table

Lead and Copper Rule

The Lead and Copper Rule protects public health by minimizing lead and copper levels in drinking water, primarily by reducing water corrosivity. Lead and copper enter drinking water mainly from corrosion of lead and copper containing plumbing materials.

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Violation Type Violation	Begin 1	Violation End	Violation Begin Violation End Violation Explanation
LEAD CONSUMER NOTICE (LCR) 12/30/2022	022	01/30/2023	We failed to provide the results of lead tap water monitoring to the consumers at the location water was tested. These were supposed to be provided no later than 30 days after learning the results.